N1H1 Signs and Symptoms	Fever
	Cough
	Sore Throat
	Stuffy Nose
	Body Aches
	Chills
	Fatigue
	Some report diarrhea and vomiting
Contagious Period for N1H1	You are contagious one day before symptoms appear to
	5-7 days after symptoms appear. CDC recommends you
	stay home for 24 hours after fever disappears.
Incubation Period of N1H1	Likely 1-4 but as many as 7 days
Staying Healthy	*Regular and through hand washing min 20 sec
	*Avoid contact with those who are infected
	*Limit trips to public places such as grocery stores
	*Remain 6 feet away from all people if possible
	*Cover mouth and nose with a tissue when you cough or
	sneeze, throw tissue away
	*Avoid touching your eyes, nose or mouth
Caring for Someone with N1H1	*Isolate the individual in a separate room
Caring for Someone with NIAI	*When caring for someone, wear gloves, surgical gown
	or long sleeve coveralls and disposable apron, disposable
	shoe covers, safety goggles and N95 respirator mask
	*Disinfect anything used by ill person in dishwasher or
	using solution of 1.5 teaspoons bleach to 1 gallon water
	*Disinfect surfaces anytime there is contact or 2-3
	times a day
Medications that are effective on N1H1	*Oseltamivir (Tamiflu)
Medications that are effective on NIFI	*Zanamivir (Relenza)
	These are prescriptions meds probably would be used
	on patients who are hospitalized or who have other
	conditions
	*Asprin containing meds should not be given to children
	under 18. Check over the counter flu medications to be
	sure they do not contain asprin.
Personal Protective Equipment Removal	*Gloves - ensure that you do not touch the outside of
	the gloves
	*Eye protection - touch only the portion that covered
	the ears
	*Apron
	*Mask touch only the strings that were behind the head
	*Throw all away in a sealed plastic bag and wash hands
Signs to Seek Medical Care (Children)	*Fast Breathing or trouble breathing

	*Dehydration
	*Severe or persistent vomiting
	*Not waking up or not interacting
	*Being so irritable that child does not want to be held
	*Flu-like symptoms improve but return with fever and
	worse cough
Signs to Seek Medical Care (Adult)	*Difficulty breathing or shortness of breath
	*Pain or pressure in the chest or abdomen
	*Sudden dizziness
	*Confusion
	*Severe persistent vomiting
	*Flu-like symptoms improve but return with fever and
	worse cough
Clean-Up	*Virus is active on surfaces for 2-8 hours after
	exposure
	*Follow label on household cleaners
	*Contaminated laundry and dishes do not need to be
	cleaned separately
	*Laundry should be dried
DO NOW	*Find out how loved ones want to be cared for in a life
	threatening situation
	*Ensure that you have a 14 day min supply of food,
	water and medications on hand
	*Store personal protective equipment
Other	Plan in advance how you will care for children if schools
	and daycares close, but you are still required to work
	Recall that children should be kept isolated from
	neighbor children
Recourses	<u>http://www.cdc.gov/h1n1flu/general_info.htm</u>
	<u>www.flu.gov</u>
	http://www.cdc.gov/flu/swineflu/
	http://www.who.int/csr/disease/swineflu/en/index.html